



Operation/Reference Guide

# NXA-WAP1000

Smart Wireless Access Point



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# NXA-WAPZD1000 Smart Wireless Access Point

## Overview

The NXA-WAP1000 (US operation: **FG2255-51**; Operation outside the US: **FG2255-53**), powered by Ruckus™, is a high-performance 802.11a/b/g/n smart Wi-Fi access point for homes and businesses that utilizes industry acclaimed Ruckus Wireless Technology. The NXA-WAP1000 can be deployed as a standalone access point or as part of a centrally-controlled Smart Wireless LAN when combined with the AMX NXA-WAPZD1000 Wireless LAN Zone Director. With a sleek modern design, small form factor, and Power over Ethernet (PoE), the NXA-WAP1000 can be mounted on the ceiling to maximize performance without disturbing aesthetics. The NXA-WAP1000 may be powered via PoE, or via the optional NXA-WAP1000 Power Supply (**FG2255-61**).

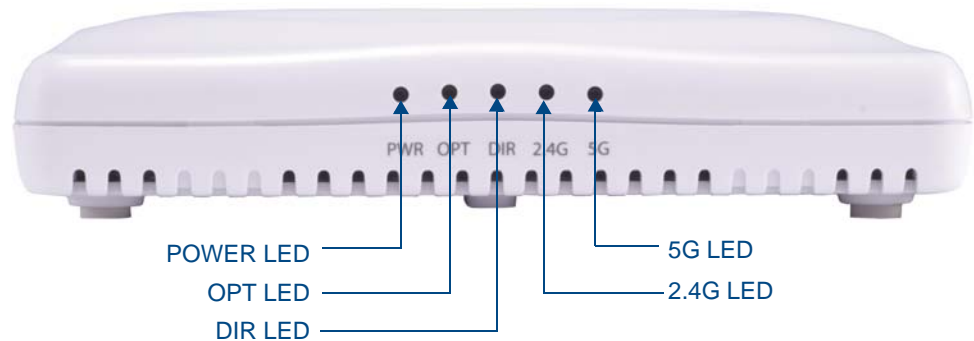


FIG. 1 NXA-WAP1000 - Front

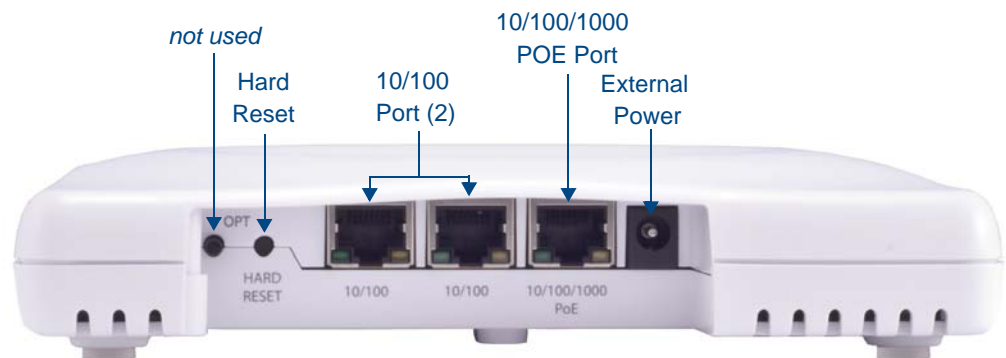


FIG. 2 NXA-WAP1000 - Back

## Product Specifications

NXA-WAP1000 (FG2255-51/53) Specifications	
Dimensions (HWD):	1 3/8" x 7" x 7" (36 mm x 178 mm x 178 mm)
Weight:	0.88 lbs (397 g)
Power:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>External power supply (not included)</li> <li>Input: 110-240V AC</li> <li>Output: 12V DC, 1.5A</li> <li>Power over Ethernet Class 0</li> </ul>
Ethernet Ports:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2 auto MDX, auto-sensing 10/100 Mbps, RJ-45 ports</li> <li>1 auto MDX, auto-sensing 10/100/1000 Mbps, RJ-45, POE port</li> </ul>
Antenna:	Internal software-configurable antenna that provides over 300 unique patterns.
Operating Frequency	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IEEE 802.11n: 2.4 – 2.484 GHz and 5.15 – 5.85 GHz</li> <li>IEEE 802.11a: 5.15 – 5.85 GHz</li> <li>IEEE 802.11b: 2.4 – 2.484 GHz</li> </ul>
Wireless Output Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>26 dBm for 2.4GHz</li> <li>24 dBm for 5GHz</li> <li>Country-specific power settings are configurable</li> </ul>
Supported Data Rates:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>802.11n: 6.5Mbps – 130Mbps (20MHz) 6.5Mbps – 300Mbps (40MHz)</li> <li>802.11a: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9 and 6Mbps</li> <li>802.11b: 11, 5.5, 2 and 1 Mbps</li> <li>802.11g: 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9 and 6 Mbps</li> </ul>
Power Source:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>None: device uses Power Over Ethernet (PoE) via POE Injector or PoE Switch for necessary power.</li> </ul>
Front LED Indicators:	
PWR:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Off</i>: Off.</li> <li><i>Red</i>: Boot up in process.</li> <li><i>Green</i>: On</li> </ul>
OPT:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Not active at this time.</li> </ul>
DIR:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Off</i>: The NXA-WAP1000 is not being managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000 (standalone mode).</li> <li><i>Green</i>: The NXA-WAP1000 is being managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000.</li> <li><i>Slow flashing green (one flash every two seconds)</i>: The NXA-WAP1000 is being managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000, but is currently unable to communicate with it.</li> <li><i>Fast flashing green (two flashes every second)</i>: The NXA-WAP1000 is being managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000 and is currently receiving configuration settings (provisioning) or a firmware update.</li> </ul>
2.4G:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>Off</i>: The WLAN service is down.</li> <li><i>Amber</i>: The WLAN service is up and no wireless clients are associated.</li> <li><i>Green</i>: The WLAN service is up and at least one wireless client is associated.</li> <li><i>Flashing green (two flashes every second)</i>: The WLAN service is up and no wireless clients are associated.</li> </ul>



NXA-WAP1000 (FG2255-51/53) Specifications (Cont.)	
Front LED Indicators (Cont.)	
5G:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Off</i>: The WLAN service is down.</li> <li>• <i>Amber</i>: The WLAN service (or mesh network) is up and at least one wireless client is associated, but RSSI is low. If mesh networking is enabled, at least one downlink MAP is connected.</li> <li>• <i>Green</i>: The wireless WLAN service (or mesh network) is up and at least one wireless client is associated. If mesh networking is enabled, at least one downlink MAP is connected.</li> <li>• <i>Fast flashing green (two flashes every second)</i>: The WLAN service (or mesh network) is up, but no wireless clients or downlink MAPs are currently associated.</li> <li>• <i>Slow flashing green (one flash every two seconds)</i>: The WLAN service is up, no wireless clients are currently associated, mesh networking is enabled and at least one downlink MAP is connected.</li> </ul>
Rear Components:	
OPT:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not active at this time.</li> </ul>
Hard Reset:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressing, and then quickly releasing this internal button reboots the NXA-WAP1000.</li> <li>• Pressing and holding it for six seconds resets the NXA-WAP1000 to factory default settings.</li> </ul>
10/100 Ports (2):	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Two RJ-45 ports for 10/100Mbps connections.</li> </ul>
10/100/1000 PoE Port:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One RJ-45 port for a 10/100/1000 PoE (Power over Ethernet, 802.3af) connection.</li> </ul>
External Power Port:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connects a power supply (12 VDC/1.25A) to this port. Power may also be supplied via the 10/100/1000 PoE (802.3af) port.</li> </ul>
Operating Temperature:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operating: 0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F)</li> <li>• Storage: -20 to 70 °C (32 to 158 °F)</li> </ul>
Operating Humidity:	15% to 95% (non-condensing)
Certifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FCC</li> <li>• IC</li> <li>• CE</li> <li>• C-Tick</li> <li>• RoHS</li> </ul>
Included Accessories:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Category 5 (CAT5e) network cable</li> <li>• NXA-WAP1000 Installation Guide (<b>93-2255-51</b>)</li> <li>• Mounting Template (<b>93-2255-55</b>)</li> <li>• #4 sheet metal mounting screws (2) with molly bolts (2) for wall installation</li> </ul>
Other AMX Equipment:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• NXA-WAP1000 Power Supply (<b>FG2255-61</b>)</li> <li>• NXA-ENET8POE PoE Switch (<b>FG2178-62</b>)</li> <li>• NXA-WAPZD1000 Wireless LAN Zone Director (<b>FG2255-52</b>)</li> </ul>

## Power

The AP does not have a power switch. It utilizes Power Over Ethernet (PoE), which draws power from its Ethernet connection. An optional power supply (**FG2255-61**) may also be used in circumstances where PoE is not available, via the External Power port (FIG. 2).

## Ethernet Ports

The access point has two 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX RJ-45 ports and one 10/100/1000 RJ-45 port that can be attached directly to 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX LAN segments. These segments must conform to the IEEE 802.3-2005 specifications.

These ports supports automatic MDI/MDI-X operation, so you can use straight-through cables for all network connections to PCs, switches, or hubs.

## Reset Button

The **Hard Reset** button (FIG. 2) is used to restart the NXA-WAP1000 or to restore the factory default configuration. If you hold down the button for less than 10 seconds, the AP will perform a hardware reset. If you hold down the button for 10 seconds or more, any configuration changes you may have made are removed, and the factory default configuration is restored to the AP.



*Resetting the NXA-WAP1000 to factory default settings will erase all previously configured settings.*

# NXA-WAPZD1000 Installation

## Before You Begin

Before starting with the installation, make sure that you have the required items for the installation ready. In addition, verify that the wireless stations on the network have the required components for wireless communication with the AP. This section describes the pre-installation tasks that you need to perform.

## Prepare the Required Hardware and Tools

You must supply the following tools and equipment:

- A notebook computer running Windows (2000/XP/Vista/7) with one wireless 802.11a/b/g/n network card and one Ethernet card installed
- A modem (DSL or cable), E1/T1 router, or other device provided by your Internet Service Provider, that brings Internet access to your site
- A network switch or a DSL/Internet gateway device (optional).



NOTE

*If the AP is deployed with an NXA-WAPZD1000, connect the AP to your Ethernet network via the ZoneDirector.*

## Perform a Site Survey

Before installing the AP, perform a site survey to determine the optimal AP placement for maximum range, coverage, and network performance. When performing a site survey, consider the following factors:

- **Data rates:** Range is generally inversely proportional to data rates. The maximum radio range is achieved at the lowest workable data rate. Higher data rates will generally be achieved at closer distances.
- **Antenna type and placement:** Proper antenna configuration is a critical factor in maximizing radio range. As a general rule, radio range is increased by mounting the antennas higher off of the ground.
- **Physical environment:** Clear or open areas provide better radio range than closed or filled areas. The less cluttered the operating environment, the greater the wireless range.
- **Obstructions, building materials, and sources of interference:** Physical obstructions, such as concrete pillars, steel beams, and filing cabinets, can block or hinder wireless communication. Avoid installing the AP in a location where there is an obstruction between sending and receiving devices. A number of machines and electronic devices that emit radio waves, such as cranes, wireless phones, microwave ovens, and satellite dishes, interfere with and block wireless signals. Building materials used in construction also influence radio signal penetration. For example, drywall construction permits greater range than concrete blocks.

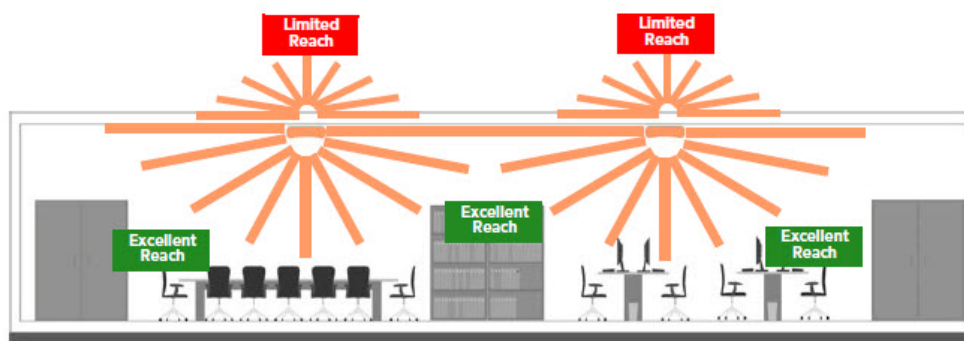
## Determine the Optimal Mounting Location and Orientation

The location and orientation that you choose for the AP play a critical role in the performance of your wireless network. Installing the AP away from obstructions and sources of interference and ensuring that the top of the AP is pointing in the general direction of its wireless clients is highly recommended (FIG. 1).



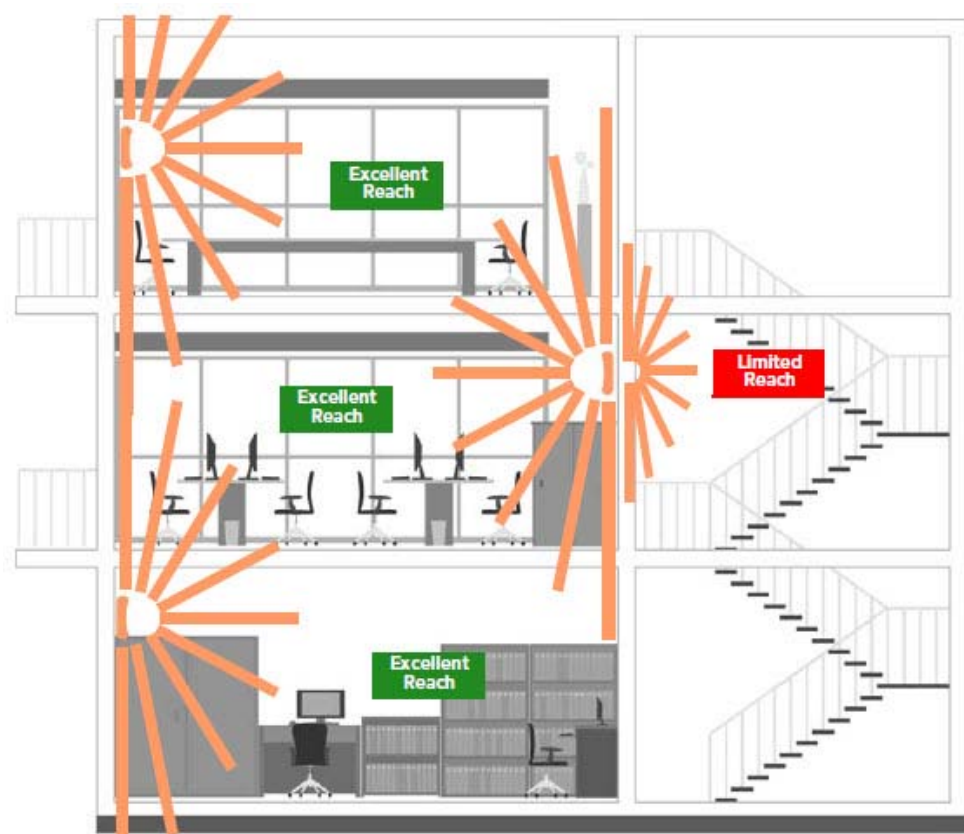
NOTE

*When wall mounted, NXA-WAP1000 devices should be staggered to maximize coverage.*

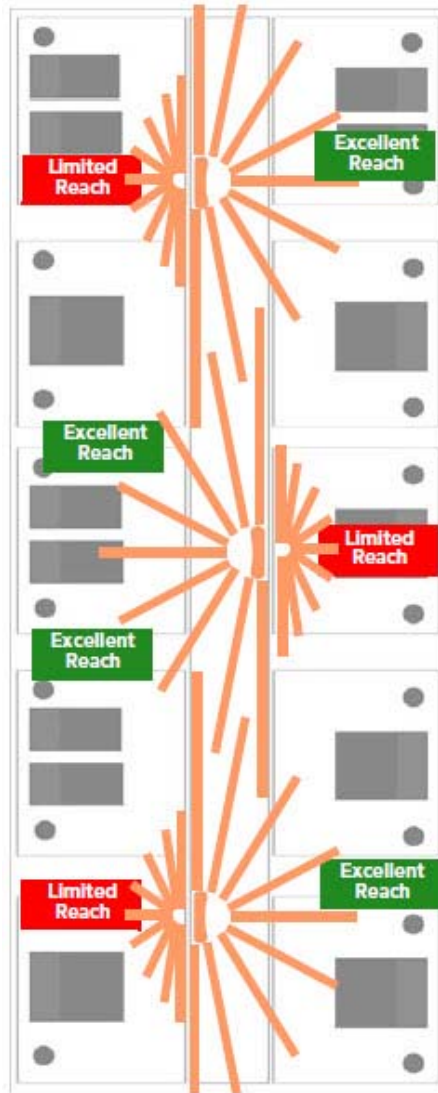


**FIG. 1** Recommended ceiling mounting installation

Care should be taken to consider vertical placement as well as horizontal placement to maximize coverage (FIG. 2).



**FIG. 2** Recommended wall mounting installation



**FIG. 3** Recommended wall mounting in a corridor (top view)

# Preconfiguring the NXA-WAP1000

The procedure for completing the NXA-WAP1000's essential configuration depends on whether you want it to be managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector or to operate as a standalone AP.

## Configuring for Management by NXA-WAPZD1000

If an NXA-WAPZD1000 is installed on the network, you can configure the AP for management by the ZoneDirector. Simply connect the AP to same Layer 2 subnet as the ZoneDirector. When the NXA-WAP1000 starts up, it will discover and register with ZoneDirector automatically.



WARNING

*If you use this method, make sure that you do not change the IP address of the NXA-WAPZD1000 after the AP discovers and registers with it. If you change the ZoneDirector IP address, the AP will no longer be able to communicate with it and will be unable to rediscover it.*



WARNING

*If you configure an NXA-WAP1000 for management by an NXA-WAPZD1000 and later decide that you want it to be a standalone AP, you will need to factory reset the AP.*

Before starting this procedure, check the label on the back panel of the AP, and write down the MAC address of the AP. You will need the MAC address to identify the AP on the NXA-WAPZD1000's Browser-Based Configuration Pages (page 19).



NOTE

*For more information on the NXA-WAPZD1000, please refer to the NXA-WAPZD1000 Operation Reference Guide, available at [www.amx.com](http://www.amx.com).*

## What You Will Need

Before starting with the configuration task, make sure that you have the following items or applications ready:

- A computer from which you can access the NXA-WAPZD1000 Browser-Based Configuration Pages.
- Mozilla Firefox 2.0 (or later) or Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 (or later) installed on the administrative computer.
- One Ethernet cable.
- The NXA-WAP1000.
- The optional power supply, if needed.

### 1. Connect the AP to a Power Source

The NXA-WAP1000 is designed to be powered via Power Over Ethernet (PoE), thus removing the need for a standard power connection. However, certain circumstances may require use of the optional power supply. To supply the NXA-WAP1000 with power via the power supply:

1. Connect the jack on the power supply to the power connector on the rear panel of the NXA-WAP1000 (FIG. 2).
2. Connect the power supply to a power source.
3. Verify that the power LED on the AP is green.

To supply the NXA-WAP1000 with power via PoE:

1. Connect the Ethernet cable to a suitable connection, such as an NXA-WAPZD1000.
2. Connect the other end of the cable to the NXA-WAP1000's 10/100/1000 Ethernet port (FIG. 2).

## 2. Connect the AP to the Same Subnet as the NXA-WAPZD1000

1. If the NXA-WAP1000 is not receiving power via a PoE connection, connect one end of an Ethernet cable to a LAN (RJ-45) port on the rear panel of the AP.
2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the same Layer 2 subnet as the NXA-WAPZD1000. The same Layer 2 subnet means that there should not be any router between the AP and the ZoneDirector.
3. Log into the NXA-WAPZD1000's Browser-Based Configuration Pages, and then go to the *Monitor > Access Points* page.
4. Look for the MAC address of the AP, and then check its *Status* column.
  - If automatic approval is enabled, the Status column should show *Connected*.
  - If automatic approval is disabled, click the **Allow** link that is on the same row as the AP's MAC address. This allows the AP to register with the NXA-WAPZD1000.

When the *Status* column shows *Connected*, this indicates that the AP has successfully registered with the NXA-WAPZD1000 and that it can now be moved to its destination Layer 2 or Layer 3 network.

## Configuring for Standalone Operation

This section describes the steps you need to complete to set up the NXA-WAP1000 in standalone mode.

### What You Will Need

Before starting with the configuration task, make sure that you have the following items and applications ready:

- An administrative computer (notebook computer) running Microsoft Windows (2000/XP/Vista/7).
- Mozilla Firefox 2.0 (or later) or Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 (or later) installed on the administrative computer.



*Make sure that any popup blockers on the browser are disabled.*

- One Cat5e Ethernet cable.

### 1. Prepare the Administrative Computer



*The following procedure is applicable if the administrative computer is running Windows XP or Windows 2000. If you are using a different operating system, refer to the documentation that was shipped with your operating system for information on how to modify the computer's IP address settings.*

1. On your Windows XP or Windows 2000 computer, open the *Network Connections* (or *Network and Dial-up Connections*) control panel according to how the *Start* menu is set up:
  - On Windows XP, click **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections**.
  - On Windows 2000, click **Start > Settings > Network Connections**.
2. When the *Network Connections* window appears, right-click the icon for *Local Area Connection*, and then click **Properties**.

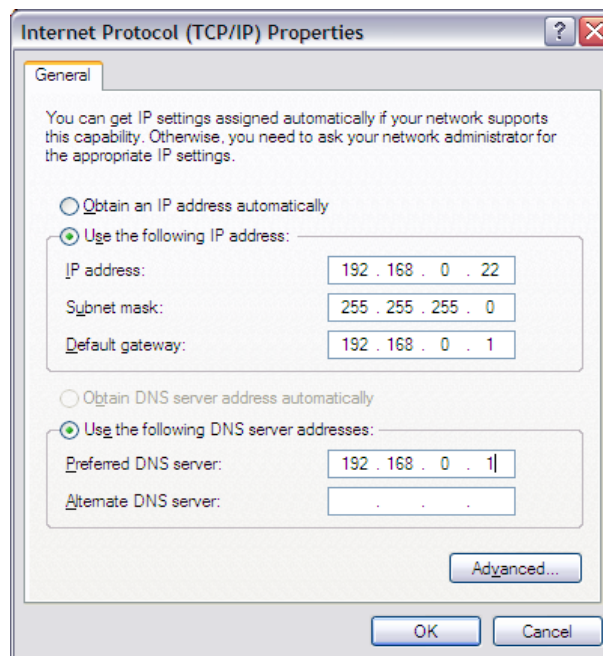


*Make sure that you configure the Local Area Connection properties, not the Wireless Network Connection properties.*

3. When the *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box appears, select *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)* from the scrolling list, and then click **Properties**. The *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties* dialog box appears.
4. Write down all of the currently active network settings. You will need this information later when you restore your computer to its current network configuration.



- Click **Use the following IP address**, and then configure the IP address settings (FIG. 4).



**FIG. 4** Sample configuration in the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties dialog box

IP Address Settings	
IP Address:	<b>192.168.0.22</b> (or any address in the 192.168.0.x network, with the exception of 192.168.0.1, which is the default IP address assigned to the NXA-WAP1000)
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	192.168.0.1
Preferred DNS Server:	192.168.0.1

You can leave the Alternate DNS server box blank.

- Click **OK** to save your changes and close the *TCP/IP Properties* dialog box.
- Click **OK** again to close the *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box. Windows saves the IP address settings that you have configured.

## 2. Connect the NXA-WAP1000 to the Administrative Computer

Connect one end of an Ethernet cable to an Ethernet port on the NXA-WAP1000, and then connect the other end to the administrative computer's Ethernet port. After a minute, the power LED on the AP will turn solid green. You have completed connecting the AP to the administrative computer.

## 3. Log Into the AP's Web Interface

- On the administrative computer, open a Web browser window.
- In the address or location bar, type the following address: **https://192.168.0.1**
- Press **Enter** on the keyboard to connect to the NXA-WAP1000's Browser-Based Configuration Pages. A security alert message appears.

4. Click **Yes** or **OK** (depending on the browser) to continue. The AP's login page appears (FIG. 5).



The image shows the AMX Admin login page. At the top is the AMX logo in blue. Below it, the text "AMX Admin" is displayed in blue. There are two input fields: "Username:" and "Password:". Below these fields is an orange "Login" button. At the bottom of the page, there is a logo for "goahead WEB SERVER".

**FIG. 5** Browser-Based Configuration Pages Login

5. In *User Name*, type “admin”.
6. In *Password*, type “1988”.
7. Click **Log In**. The Browser-Based Configuration page appears, displaying the Device page.

#### 4. Configure the Wireless Settings

To complete this step, you will need to configure the settings on the *Common* tab and at least one *Wireless #* tab. These are the essential wireless settings that will enable wireless devices on the network to associate with the AP.

Default Wireless Settings	
SSID (network name):	Wireless 1 to Wireless 8 (8 WLANs)
Encryption (security):	Disabled on all WLANs
Default management IP address:	192.168.0.1

## Configure Common Wireless Settings

1. On the left menu of the Browser-Based Configuration Pages, click **Configuration > Wireless**. The *Common* page appears.



*The two radio frequencies (2.4GHz and 5GHz) need to be configured separately in the Browser-Based Configuration Pages. To configure the common wireless settings, click **Configuration > Radio 2.4G** or **Radio 5G**.*

2. Verify that the common wireless settings are configured as listed in the table below.

Common Wireless Configuration	
Setting	Recommended Value
Wireless Mode:	Auto-select
Channel:	SmartSelect
Country Code:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If you purchased the AP in the United States, this value is fixed to United States at the factory and is not user configurable.</li> <li>• If you purchased the AP outside the United States, verify that the value is set to your country or region. Selecting the correct country code ensures that the AP uses only the radio channels allowed in your country or region.</li> </ul> <p>Note for dual band AP users: The two radios on dual band APs are always configured with the same country code setting. If you change the country code for Radio 1, for example, the same change will be applied automatically to Radio 2.</p>

3. If you made any changes to the *Common* tab, click **Update Settings**

## Configure Wireless # Settings

To configure any of the settings for a particular AP:

1. Click one of the *Wireless #* tabs.
2. In *Wireless Availability*, click **Enabled**.
3. In *Broadcast SSID*, click **Enabled**.
4. Clear the *SSID* box, and then type a unique and descriptive name that you want to use for this wireless network. For example, you can type "AMX Wireless AP". This SSID is the name that will help users identify this wireless network in their wireless network connection application.



*You may also configure other wireless settings on this and other *Wireless #* tabs (in addition to the settings described above), although it is not necessary for completing the AP installation.*

5. Click **Update Settings**.

You have completed configuring the basic wireless settings of the AP.

## 5. Disconnect the AP from the Administrative Computer

To disconnect the NXA-WAP1000 from its administrative computer:

1. Disconnect the AP from the power source.
2. Verify that the power LED on the AP is off.
3. Disconnect the Ethernet cable from the administrative computer's Ethernet port.

## 6. Restore the Administrative Computer's Network Settings

To restore your administrative computer's original network settings:

1. On your Windows XP or Windows 2000 computer, open the *Network Connections* (or *Network and Dial-up Connections*) control panel according to how the *Start* menu is set up:
  - On Windows XP, click **Start > Control Panel > Network Connections**.
  - On Windows 2000, click **Start > Settings > Network Connections**.
2. When the *Network Connections* window appears, right-click the icon for **Local Area Connection**, and then click **Properties**.
3. When the *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box appears, select *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)* from the scrolling list, and then click **Properties**. The *TCP/IP Properties* dialog box appears.
4. Restore the computer's network settings by typing the original IP address settings in the *TCP/IP Properties* dialog box.
5. On the *TCP/IP Properties* dialog box, click **OK** to close it.
6. Click **OK** again to close the *Local Area Connection Properties* dialog box.

You are now ready to connect the AP to your network.

## Verify NXA-WAP1000 Operation

Before deploying the AP to your environment, verifying that the NXA-WAP1000 is operating correctly is highly recommended. To do this, you will need to connect the AP to your live network temporarily and make sure that the network connection works and that wireless clients are able to associate with the AP and connect to your network and the Internet.



*The network and power connections that you will be making in this step are temporary. For outdoor APs, you can perform these verification tasks indoors.*

### Connect the NXA-WAP1000 to the Network

To connect the NXA-WAP1000 to a network:

1. Connect the Ethernet cable from a LAN (RJ-45) port on the AP to your network's router or switch.
2. If not wanting to use PoE exclusively, reconnect the AP to a power source.

### Check the LEDs

Perform a spot-check using the LEDs to verify that the AP is operating normally.

If the AP is operating normally and your wireless client was able to associate with it:

- The 2.4G or 5G LED is green.
- If you do not have an NXA-WAPZD1000 on the network, the *DIR* LED is off. This indicates that the AP is operating in standalone mode. If a ZoneDirector is on the network, the *DIR* LED is green.

### Associate a Wireless Client with the AP

On the administrative computer, verify that the wireless interface is enabled. In Windows XP, click **All Programs > Connect To > Wireless Network Connection** to enable the wireless interface.

1. In the system tray, right-click the Wireless Network Connection icon, and then click View Available Wireless Networks.
2. In the list of available wireless networks, click the network with the same SSID as you configured in the *Configure Wireless # Settings* section on page 13. For example, if you set the SSID to *Wireless AP*, click the wireless network named Wireless AP.
3. Click **Connect**.

Your wireless client connects to the wireless network. After the wireless client makes a successful connection to the wireless network, the wireless client icon in the system tray changes.

### Disconnect the AP from the Network

1. Disconnect the AP from the power source.
2. Disconnect the Ethernet cable that runs to the AP's RJ45 port from your network's router or switch. You are now ready to deploy the AP to its permanent mounting location.

## Deploy the Access Point

In this step, you will place the AP in a suitable location on the network and connect it to a power source and to your network environment.

### 1. Choose a Location for the AP

You can install the AP on a flat surface (for example, on a desktop or tabletop) or mount it on a wall or ceiling. When choosing a location for the AP, ensure that the location:

- Allows easy viewing of the LEDs and access to the connectors, if necessary.
- Is centrally located to the wireless clients that will be connecting to the AP. A suitable location might be on top of a cabinet or similar furniture to optimize wireless connections to clients in both horizontal and vertical directions, allowing wider coverage.

When positioning your AP, ensure that:

- It is out of direct sunlight and away from sources of heat.
- Cabling is away from power lines, fluorescent lighting fixtures, and sources of electrical noise such as radios, transmitters and broadband amplifiers.
- There are no thick walls or metal shielding between the AP and the wireless stations.
- Water or moisture cannot enter the case of the device.
- Air flow around the unit and through the vents in the side of the case is not restricted.

Review the recommendations in *Determine the Optimal Mounting Location and Orientation* section on page 5 for help in choosing a suitable location for the AP.

### 2. Connect the AP to a Power Source and the Network

Once you have placed the AP at its installation location, you are ready to connect it to a power source and the network.



NOTE

*The NXA-WAP1000 has the option of receiving power from a standard power supply, and it can also receive power from a PoE switch or injector. For information on how to make the PoE connections, refer to the documentation that was shipped with the PoE switch or injector.*



CAUTION

*If you will be using PoE, you must use a Cat-5e or better Ethernet cable for the PoE connection.*

1. If you are not using PoE, connect the power jack to the power connector on the rear panel of the NXA-WAP1000 and connect the power supply to a power source.
2. Obtain an Ethernet cable that is long enough to connect the AP to your network's router, switch, or hub.
3. Connect one end to a LAN port on the AP (using the 10/100/1000 port for PoE), and then connect the other end to your network's router, switch, or hub.
4. Verify that the power LED on the AP is green.

## Troubleshooting Installation

If the startup sequence does not work, verify that the network name (SSID) and security settings (if you enabled them) on the AP match the settings on your wireless device.

- Disconnect the AP from the power source, wait 5 seconds, reconnect it, and then wait 60 seconds before attempting a reconnection.
- Disconnect and reconnect the AP and the PC.
- Replace the Ethernet cable with a new one if the relevant LAN port LED is not illuminated. (LEDs in each port light up during a successful connection.)
- If all else fails, you can reset the AP to the factory defaults (and start over). Press and hold the Hard Reset button (FIG. 2) for at least eight (8) seconds.

You can now reconnect your computer directly to the AP and then start over with installation, using the default network settings.





# Browser-Based Configuration Pages

## Logging into the Configuration Pages

All setup and management of the NXA-WAP1000 is done through its Browser-Based Configuration Pages. If your wireless network will be managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector, you can manage APs through the ZoneDirector rather than logging into each AP's Web interface individually.



*The following procedure assumes that you know the static IP address of the AP (now in use), or you have some means of determining the dynamic IP address in use by the AP, such as checking the router. The PC you use for AP administration should be on the management VLAN.*

To log into the Configuration Pages:

1. On your PC, open a Web browser window.
2. In the address or location bar, type the IP address of the AP. Be sure to enter it in the correct format: `https://<ip_address>`
3. Press <Enter> to connect.
4. If a Windows security alert dialog box appears, click **OK/Yes** to proceed. The login page appears (FIG. 6):

**FIG. 6** NXA-WAP1000 Login Page

- In *Username*, type **admin**.
- In *Password*, type **1988**.
- Click **Login**.

The NXA-WAP1000 Browser-Based Configuration Page interface appears (FIG. 7).

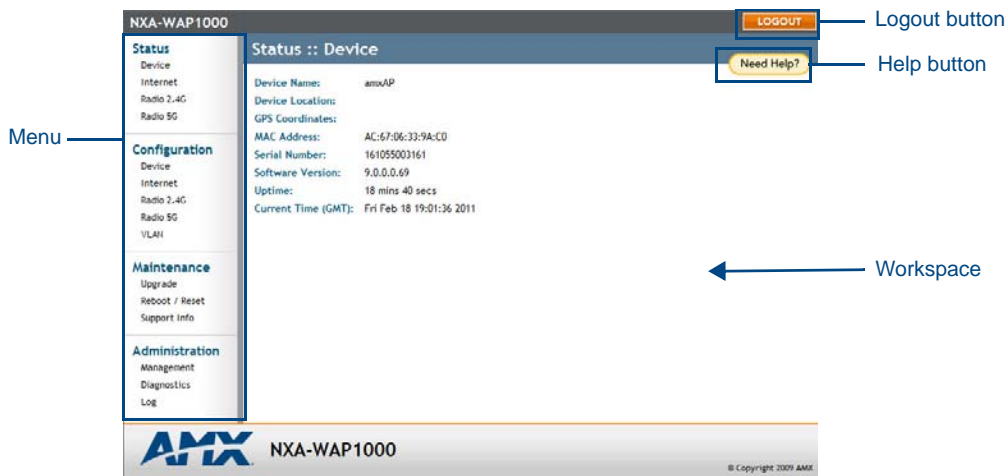


FIG. 7 NXA-WAP1000 Browser-Based Configuration Page interface

Interface Specifications	
Menu:	Under each category (Status, Configuration, etc.) are options that, when clicked, open the related workspace in the area to the right.
Logout Button:	Click this button to log out of the NXA-WAP1000.
Help button:	Click this button to open a help window with information related specifically to the options currently displayed in the workspace.
Workspace:	This large area displays features, options and indicators relevant to your menu bar choices.



*If the NXA-WAP1000 is connected to an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector, the interface appearance will be dictated by the ZoneDirector. The Status: Device page will also display a link to the ZoneDirector in question.*

## Status

The *Status* section of the Menu displays the current status and availability of the NXA-WAP1000.

### Device

The *Device* page displays a general overview of the AP's current status, including device name, serial number, MAC address, current software version, etc.

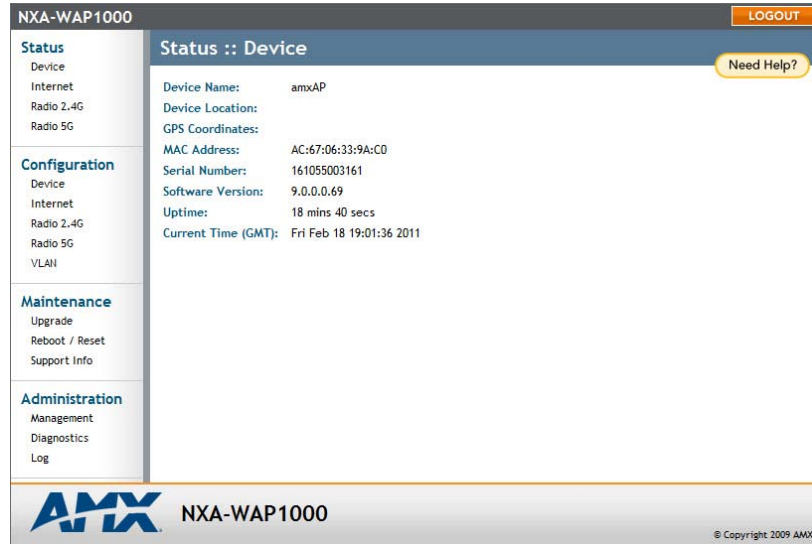


FIG. 8 Status - Device page

Device	
Device Name:	The current name of the device. The device name identifies the AP among other devices on the network.
Device Location:	The address or location where the device is deployed.
GPS Coordinates:	The latitudinal and longitudinal coordinates of the device location.
MAC Address:	The MAC address for the NXA-WAP1000.
Serial Number:	The serial number for the NXA-WAP1000.
Software Version:	The current software version being used by the NXA-WAP1000.
Uptime:	The current amount of time (in days, hours, minutes, and seconds) in which the NXA-WAP1000 has been online.
Current Time:	The current time of the latest refreshing of the <i>Device</i> page.
Ruckus ZoneDirector IP Address:	If the NXA-WAP1000 is connected to an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector, this field displays the ZoneDirector's IP address.
Ruckus ZoneDirector MAC Address:	If the NXA-WAP1000 is connected to an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector, this field displays the ZoneDirector's MAC address.

## Internet

The *Internet* page (FIG. 9) displays information on the AP's network settings; i.e., the settings that allow the AP to communicate with your local network and the Internet. Information includes IP address, gateway, DNS server, NTP server and connection type (method of obtaining an IP address -- DHCP or static IP).

FIG. 9 Status - Internet page

Internet	
Enable/Disable Auto-update:	Click this button to allow or disable the ability for the NXA-WAP1000 to automatically update its settings and firmware.
Gateway:	The gateway address for the NXA-WAP1000.
Primary DNS Server:	The primary DNS server address for the NXA-WAP1000.
Secondary DNS Server:	The secondary DNS server address for the NXA-WAP1000.
Connection Status:	The current connection status. This may be <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i> .
Connection Type:	The current connection type being used by the NXA-WAP1000. This may be either <i>Static</i> or <i>DHCP</i> .
MAC Address	The MAC address for the NXA-WAP1000.
IP Address:	The IP address for the NXA-WAP1000.
Subnet Mask:	The subnet mask address for the NXA-WAP1000.

## Renewing or Releasing DHCP

This task should be performed only if you have access to the DHCP server or have some way to determine what IP address has been assigned to the AP. It serves as a troubleshooting technique when IP addresses to one or more networked devices prove to be unusable or in conflict with others, or when the AP loses its DHCP assigned IP address for some reason.

To renew or release DHCP:

1. Go to **Status > Internet**.
2. Review the current settings.
3. If the current Connection Type is *DHCP*, you will be able to see the currently assigned IP address and subnet mask listed below.
4. If the IP address is 192.168.0.1, the AP is not receiving an IP address from the DHCP server.
  - To force the DHCP server to renew the IP address assigned to this AP, click *Renew DHCP*. If the AP is listed in the DHCP server's address table, it will attempt to reassign the previous address to the AP (unless the address is already in use).
  - To force the DHCP server to assign a new IP address, click **Release DHCP**, then **Renew DHCP**. Your changes take place immediately.

## Radio 2.4G

The Radio 2.4G page displays information on connections to wireless LANs using the 2.4G radio in the NXA-WAP1000.

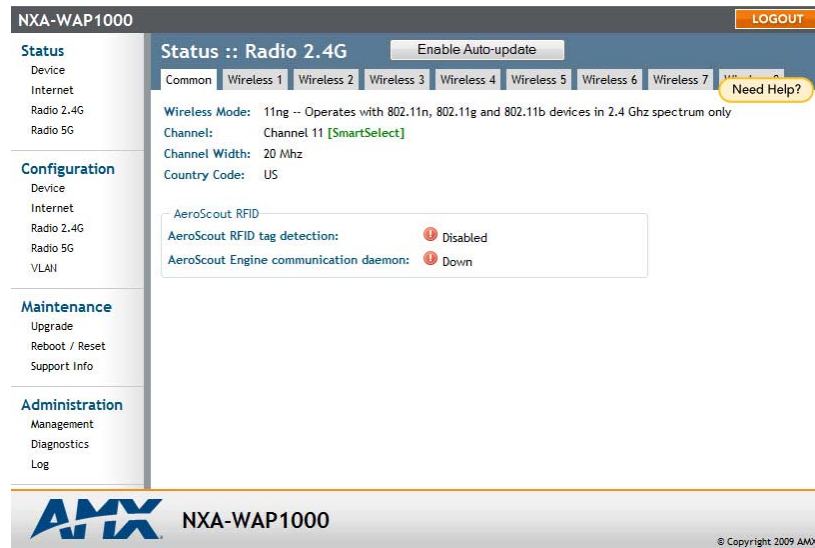


FIG. 10 Status - Radio 2.4G - Common page

Radio 2.4G - Common	
Enable/Disable Auto-update:	Click this button to allow or disable the ability for the NXA-WAP1000 to automatically update its settings and firmware.
Tabs:	These tabs access pages for common status settings within a network and within individual WLANs.
Channel:	Shows the wireless channel that the AP is currently using. If you set the wireless channel to <i>SmartSelect</i> , this field will show the value <i>Channel # [SmartSelect]</i> .
Channel Width:	Displays whether the channel width is set to 20MHz or 40MHz.
Country Code:	Shows the country code that the AP has been set to use. <b>CAUTION: Verify that the AP is using the correct country code to make sure it uses only the allowed radio channels in your region. Selecting the incorrect country code may result in violation of regulatory laws.</b>
AeroScout RFID Detection:	Shows <i>Enabled</i> if you enabled AeroScout RFID tag detection. The default setting is <i>Disabled</i> .
AeroScout Engine Communication Daemon:	Shows <i>Up</i> if the communication agent on the AP is able to relay location data from AeroScout Tags to the AeroScout Engine. If the communication agent is unable to relay data or AeroScout tag detection is disabled, this field will show <i>Down</i> .

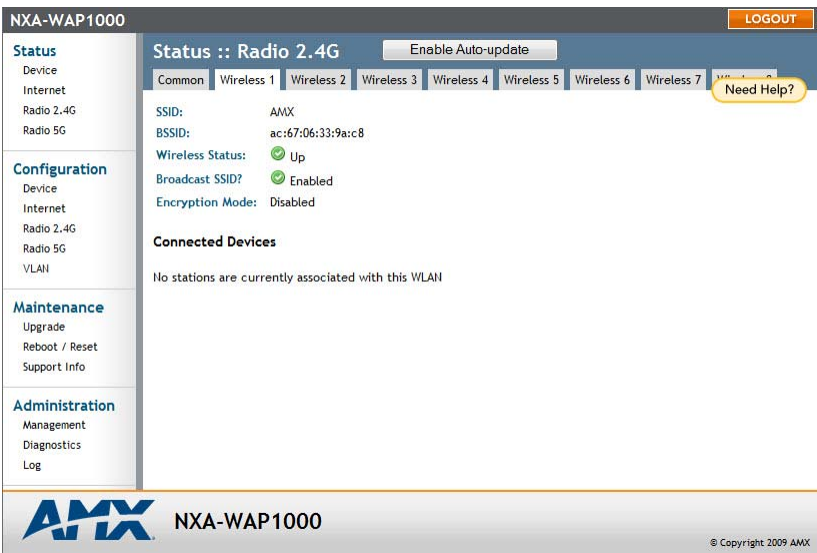


FIG. 11 Status - Radio 2.4G - WLAN page

Radio 2.4G - WLAN	
Enable/Disable Auto-update:	Click this button to allow or disable the ability for the NXA-WAP1000 to automatically update its settings and firmware.
Tabs:	These tabs access pages for common status settings within a network and within individual WLANs.
SSID:	The name of the accessed network.
BSSID:	The broadcast SSID name.
Wireless Status:	The current wireless connection status. This may be <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i> .
Broadcast SSID:	This option controls whether or not the WLAN SSID is visible to anyone looking for wireless networks. Disabling (hiding) the SSID requires that the user be told the correct SSID before they can connect to your network.
Connected Devices:	
MAC Address:	The MAC address of the currently connected device.
SSID:	The SSID name of the currently connected device.

## Radio 5G

The Radio 2.4G page displays information on connections to wireless LANs using the 5G radio in the NXA-WAP1000

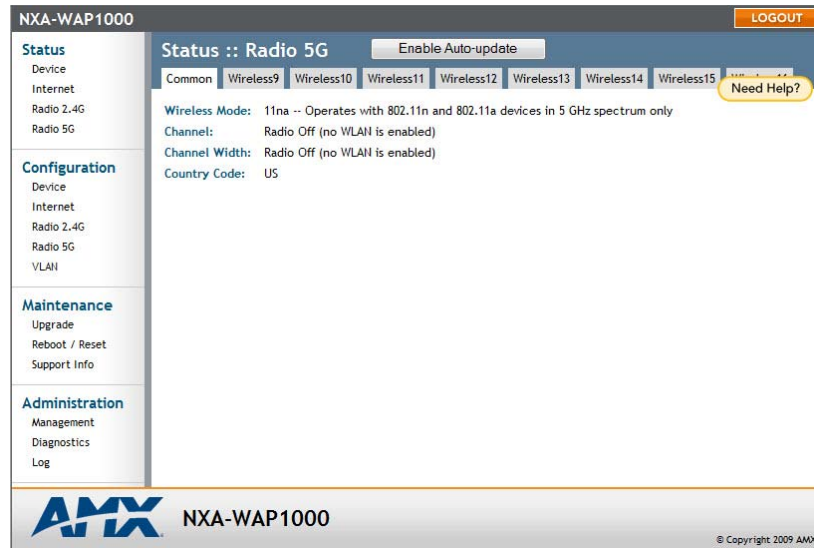


FIG. 12 Status - Radio 5G - Common page

Radio 5G - Common	
Enable/Disable Auto-update:	Click this button to allow or disable the ability for the NXA-WAP1000 to automatically update its settings and firmware.
Tabs:	These tabs access pages for common status settings within a network and within individual WLANs.
Channel:	Shows the wireless channel that the AP is currently using. If you set the wireless channel to <i>SmartSelect</i> , this field will show the value <i>Channel # [SmartSelect]</i> .
Channel Width:	Displays whether the channel width is set to 20MHz or 40MHz.
Country Code:	Shows the country code that the AP has been set to use. <b>CAUTION: Verify that the AP is using the correct country code to make sure it uses only the allowed radio channels in your region. Selecting the incorrect country code may result in violation of regulatory laws.</b>

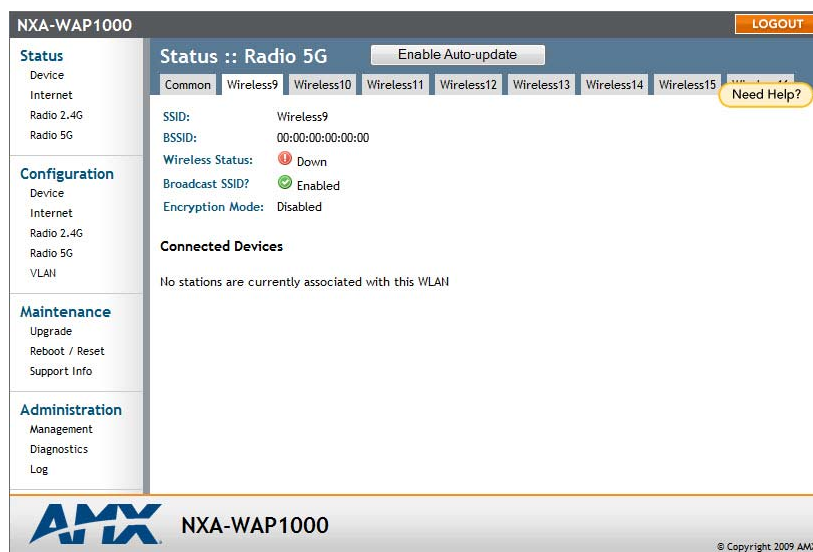


FIG. 13 Status - Radio 5G - Wireless page

Status - Radio 5G - Wireless Page	
Enable/Disable Auto-update:	Click this button to allow or disable the ability for the NXA-WAP1000 to automatically update its settings and firmware.
Tabs:	These tabs access pages for common status settings within a network and within individual WLANs.
SSID:	The name of the accessed network.
BSSID:	The broadcast SSID name.
Wireless Status:	The current wireless connection status. This may be <i>Up</i> or <i>Down</i> .
Broadcast SSID:	This option controls whether or not the WLAN SSID is visible to anyone looking for wireless networks. Disabling (hiding) the SSID requires that the user be told the correct SSID before they can connect to your network.
Connected Devices:	
MAC Address:	The MAC address of the currently connected device.
SSID:	The SSID name of the currently connected device.

### Viewing Associated Wireless Clients

A usage-monitoring capability has been built into the AP to help you monitor wireless clients that are associated with your wireless network.

To view associated wireless clients:

1. Go to **Status > Radio 2.4G** or **Status > Radio 5G**.
2. Click any of the *Wireless* tabs. Wireless clients that are associated with this particular wireless network appear under *Connected Devices*.



## Configuration

The Configuration section contains pages for initial configuration of the NXA-WAP1000. For more information on initial configuration, please refer to the *Preconfiguring the NXA-WAP1000* section on page 8.



*If the NXA-WAP1000 is already configured, or if it is being managed by an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector, this section will not be visible in the Browser-Based Configuration Pages. This section will be accessible again only if the device is reset to its factory defaults.*

### Device

FIG. 14 Configuration - Device page

Configuration - Device	
Device Name:	Type a new name for the device or leave as is to accept the default device name (amxAP). The device name identifies the AP among other devices on the network.
Device Locations:	Type the address or location where the device is deployed.
GPS Coordinates:	Type the latitudinal and longitudinal coordinates of the device location.
Service Provider Login:	
Username:	Type the name that you want to use for logging into the Browser-Based Configuration Pages. The default user name is <b>admin</b> .
Current Password:	Type the current administrative password. The default administrative password is <b>1988</b> .
New Password:	Type the new password that you want to use. The password must consist of six to 32 alphanumeric characters only.
Confirm New Password:	Retype the new password to confirm.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes.

### Changing the Administrative Login Settings

The default user name is **admin** and the default password is **1988**. To prevent unauthorized users from logging in to the Browser-Based Configuration Pages using these default administrator login settings, changing the default Web interface password immediately after your first login is highly recommended.

To change the default administrator login settings:

1. Go to **Configuration > Device**. The *Device* page appears.
2. Under *Service Provider Login*, change the default administrator login settings.

- In *Username*, type a new user name that you will use to log in to the Browser-Based Configuration Pages. The default user name is *admin*.
- In *Password*, type a new password to replace the default password *1988*. The password must consist of six to 32 alphanumeric characters only.
- In *Password Confirmation*, retype the new password.

3. Click **Update Settings**. The message *Your parameters were saved* appears.

## Internet

The Internet page allows you to review and modify the network configuration.

**FIG. 15** Configuration - Internet page

Configuration - Internet	
Primary DNS Server:	The IP address of the primary Domain Name System (DNS) server.
Secondary DNS Server:	The IP address of the secondary Domain Name System (DNS) server.
NTP Server:	Hostname of the Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.
Connection Type:	Select between <i>DHCP</i> and <i>Static</i> . Selecting <i>Static</i> allows the other fields to be edited.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes.

## Radio 2.4G

The Radio 2.4G page allows you to configure the wireless settings for 2.4G WLANs.

The screenshot displays the web-based configuration interface for the NXA-WAP1000. The main heading is "Configuration :: Radio 2.4G :: Common". On the left, there is a navigation menu with sections: Status (Device, Internet, Radio 2.4G, Radio 5G), Configuration (Device, Internet, Radio 2.4G, Radio 5G, VLAN), Maintenance (Upgrade, Reboot / Reset, Support Info), and Administration (Management, Diagnostics, Log). The main content area contains the following settings:

- Radio Network:** Radio 2.4G
- Wireless Mode:** 2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n)
- Channel:** SmartSelect
- Channel Width:** 20 MHz
- Country Code:** United States
- Advanced Settings:** Edit Common Settings
- AeroScout RFID:** AeroScout RFID tag detection: ☒ Disabled ☐ Enabled

Buttons for "Update Settings" and "Restore previous settings" are located at the bottom of the configuration area. The footer includes the AMX logo, the model name "NXA-WAP1000", and the copyright notice "© Copyright 2009 AMX".

**FIG. 16** Configuration - Radio 2.4G - Common page

Configuration - Radio 2.4G - Common Page	
Radio Network:	Allows you to change the name of the 2.4GHz radio (default:"Radio 2.4G").
Wireless Mode:	<p>The wireless mode options include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Auto-Select</i>: Allows both 802.11g- and 802.11b-compliant devices to connect to the network. This is the default setting.</li> <li>• <i>2.4GHz 54 Mbps</i> (For faster 802.11g devices only): Allows only 802.11g-compliant devices to join the network.</li> <li>• <i>2.4GHz 11Mbps</i> (For slower 802.11b devices only): Allows only 802.11b-compliant devices to join the network.</li> </ul>
Channel:	This option lets you select the channel used by the network. You can choose <i>SmartSelect</i> , or choose one of a specific number of channels. If you choose <i>SmartSelect</i> , the AP automatically selects the best channel (encountering the least interference) to transmit the signal.
Channel Width:	On 802.11n APs, the option to choose 40MHz channel width provides (theoretically) double the data capacity of the channel. However, wider channel width means fewer channels available, and more interference with other wireless signals.
Country Code:	<p>This option, if enabled, lets you select your country or region code.</p> <p><b>CAUTION: Verify that the AP is using the correct country code to make sure it uses only the allowed radio channels in your region. Selecting the incorrect country code may result in violation of regulatory laws.</b></p>
Advanced Settings:	
Transmit Power:	The default setting is <i>Full</i> . Select the level of transmit power from the drop-down menu. This option sets the maximum transmit power level relative to the predefined power (this value differs according to the current country code).

Configuration - Radio 2.4G - Common Page (Cont.)	
Protection Mode:	<p>(Inactive by default.) If you activate protection, you control how 802.11 devices know when they should communicate with another device. This is important in a mixed environment of both 802.11b and 802.11g clients.</p> <p><i><b>WARNING:</b> Activating this option (and configuring the settings) boosts the interoperability of 802.11b and 802.11g devices but will severely decrease performance.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>CTS-only:</b> Choose this option to force all destination devices to acknowledge their ability to receive data when a transmission is initiated. Use this option for compliance with the Wi-Fi Alliance certification.</li> <li>• <b>RTS/CTS:</b> Choose this option to force both sending and receiving devices to confirm a data exchange on both ends before proceeding.</li> </ul>
AeroScout RFID Tag Detection:	Click the Enable option to enable the AP to relay AeroScout RFID tag data.
AeroScout Engine communication daemon:	Click the Up option to enable the AP to communicate with your AeroScout Engine server.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes.



Selecting the incorrect country or region may result in violation of applicable laws. If you purchased the NXA-WAP1000 in the United States, you do not need to manually set the country code. NXA-WAP1000s that are sold in the US are preconfigured with the correct country code and this setting cannot be changed.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for the NXA-WAP1000. The main title is "Configuration :: Radio 2.4G :: Wireless 1". There are tabs for "Common", "Wireless 1", "Wireless 2", "Wireless 3", "Wireless 4", "Wireless 5", "Wireless 6", "Wireless 7", and "Wireless 8". The "Wireless 1" tab is selected. The configuration options include:

- Wireless Network:** A text field containing "Wireless 1".
- Wireless Availability?:** Radio buttons for "Enabled" (selected) and "Disabled".
- Broadcast SSID?:** Radio buttons for "Enabled" (selected) and "Disabled".
- SSID:** A text field containing "AMX".
- Threshold Settings:** A button labeled "Edit Settings".
- Rate Limiting:** A button labeled "Edit Settings".
- Access Control:** A button labeled "Edit Settings".
- Encryption Method:** A dropdown menu showing "Disabled".
- Buttons:** "Update Settings" and "Restore previous settings".

The footer of the page displays the AMX logo, the model name "NXA-WAP1000", and the copyright notice "© Copyright 2009 AMX".

FIG. 17 Configuration -Radio 2.4G - Wireless 1 page

Configuration - Radio 2.4G - Wireless Page	
Wireless Network:	Enter a name for the WLAN. This name is only displayed in the Browser-Based Configuration Pages. You can use the same name as the SSID or a different name.
Wireless Availability?:	This option controls whether or not the wireless network is available to users (Off or On).
Broadcast SSID:	This option controls whether or not the WLAN SSID is visible to anyone looking for wireless networks. Disabling (hiding) the SSID requires that the user be told the correct SSID before they can connect to your network.
SSID:	This is the publicly-broadcast "name" of your wireless network. A default SSID is present (which you ideally replaced in the installation process). If the default SSID is still active, it is strongly recommended that you change it. The SSID identifies the WLAN in the user's wireless connection software. The SSID can be up to 32 characters in length, contain letters and numbers, and is case-sensitive.
Dynamic VLAN?:	Dynamic VLAN can be used to assign VLAN IDs to wireless clients based on RADIUS attributes, when a RADIUS authentication server is used. Enable this feature to allow RADIUS to designate VLAN IDs for each wireless client.
Threshold Settings:	This button opens a page where you can configure the Protection Mode you activated. If Protection Mode is not active, ignore this option.
Rate Limiting:	This button opens a page where you can configure upload and download limits per station.
Access Control:	This button opens a page where you can configure access controls for the WLAN.
Encryption Method:	By default, all data exchanges on your wireless network are not encrypted, but you can pick an encryption method in this option, and use the extra workspace features that appear to fine-tune the encryption settings. Using WPA encryption is highly recommended, as WEP has been proven to be easily circumvented.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes

## Radio 5G

The Radio 5G page allows you to configure the wireless settings for 5G WLANs.

The screenshot shows the web-based configuration interface for an NXA-WAP1000 device. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Status, Configuration, Maintenance, and Administration. The main content area is titled 'Configuration :: Radio 5G :: Common' and includes tabs for Common, Wireless9, Wireless10, Wireless11, Wireless12, Wireless13, Wireless14, Wireless15, and Wireless16. The 'Common' tab is active, displaying settings for Radio Network (Radio 5G), Wireless Mode (5GHz (802.11a/n)), Channel (SmartSelect), Channel Width (40 MHz), and Country Code (United States). There are buttons for 'Update Settings' and 'Restore previous settings'. A footer bar shows the AMX logo, model number NXA-WAP1000, and a copyright notice for 2009 AMX.

FIG. 18 Configuration - Radio 5G - Common

Configuration - Radio 5G - Common Page	
Radio Network:	Allows you to change the name of the 5GHz radio (default:"Radio 5G").
Wireless Mode:	<p>The wireless mode options include the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Auto-Select</i>: Allows both 802.11g- and 802.11b-compliant devices to connect to the network. This is the default setting.</li> <li>• <i>5GHz 54 Mbps</i> (For faster 802.11g devices only): Allows only 802.11g-compliant devices to join the network.</li> <li>• <i>5GHz 11Mbps</i> (For slower 802.11b devices only): Allows only 802.11b-compliant devices to join the network.</li> </ul>
Channel:	This option lets you select the channel used by the network. You can choose <i>SmartSelect</i> , or choose one of a specific number of channels. If you choose <i>SmartSelect</i> , the AP automatically selects the best channel (encountering the least interference) to transmit the signal.
Channel Width:	On 802.11n APs, the option to choose 40MHz channel width provides (theoretically) double the data capacity of the channel. However, wider channel width means fewer channels available, and more interference with other wireless signals.
Country Code:	This option, if enabled, lets you select your country or region code.
Advanced Settings:	
Transmit Power:	The default setting is <i>Full</i> . Select the level of transmit power from the drop-down menu. This option sets the maximum transmit power level relative to the predefined power (this value differs according to the current country code).
Protection Mode:	<p>(Inactive by default.) If you activate protection, you control how 802.11 devices know when they should communicate with another device. This is important in a mixed environment of both 802.11b and 802.11g clients.</p> <p><b>WARNING: Activating this option (and configuring the settings) boosts the interoperability of 802.11b and 802.11g devices but will severely decrease performance.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>CTS-only</i>: Choose this option to force all destination devices to acknowledge their ability to receive data when a transmission is initiated. Use this option for compliance with the Wi-Fi Alliance certification.</li> <li>• <i>RTS/CTS</i>: Choose this option to force both sending and receiving devices to confirm a data exchange on both ends before proceeding.</li> </ul>
AeroScout RFID Tag Detection:	Click the Enable option to enable the AP to relay AeroScout RFID tag data.

Configuration - Radio 5G - Common Page (Cont.)	
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes.

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for the NXA-WAP1000. The main heading is 'Configuration :: Radio 5G :: Wireless9'. On the left, there is a sidebar with navigation links: Status, Configuration, Maintenance, and Administration. The 'Configuration' section is expanded, showing options for Device, Internet, Radio 2.4G, Radio 5G, and VLAN. The 'Radio 5G' section is further expanded, showing 'Wireless9' as the selected network. The configuration options for 'Wireless9' include: Wireless Network (Wireless9), Wireless Availability? (Enabled/Disabled), Broadcast SSID? (Enabled/Disabled), SSID (Wireless9), Threshold Settings (Edit Settings), Rate Limiting (Edit Settings), Access Control (Edit Settings), and Encryption Method (Disabled). There are buttons for 'Update Settings' and 'Restore previous settings' at the bottom of the configuration section. The footer of the page shows the AMX logo and 'NXA-WAP1000'.

FIG. 19 Configuration - Radio 5G - Wireless page

Configuration - Radio 5G - Wireless Page	
Wireless Network:	Enter a name for the WLAN. This name is only displayed in the Browser-Based Configuration Pages. You can use the same name as the SSID or a different name.
Wireless Availability?:	This option controls whether or not the wireless network is available to users ( <i>Off</i> or <i>On</i> ).
Broadcast SSID:	This option controls whether or not the WLAN SSID is visible to anyone looking for wireless networks. Disabling (hiding) the SSID requires that the user be told the correct SSID before they can connect to your network.
SSID:	This is the publicly-broadcast "name" of your wireless network. A default SSID is present (which you ideally replaced in the installation process). If the default SSID is still active, it is strongly recommended that you change it. The SSID identifies the WLAN in the user's wireless connection software. The SSID can be up to 32 characters in length, contain letters and numbers, and is case-sensitive.
Threshold Settings:	This button opens a page where you can configure the Protection Mode you activated. If Protection Mode is not active, ignore this option.
Rate Limiting:	This button opens a page where you can configure upload and download limits per station.
Access Control:	This button opens a page where you can configure access controls for the WLAN.
Encryption Method:	By default, all data exchanges on your wireless network are not encrypted, but you can pick an encryption method in this option, and use the extra workspace features that appear to fine-tune the encryption settings. Using WPA encryption is highly recommended, as WEP has been proven to be easily circumvented.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes

## VLAN

The VLAN page (FIG. 20) is used to configure the virtual LAN (VLAN) parameters of the AP. Traffic never uses VLAN tags over wireless links, but traffic originating on or destined for WLAN stations can be differentiated by a VLAN identifier as it travels over other links, such as Ethernet, DSL or Cable Internet, etc., thus given the appropriate segmentation as it traverses the LAN or the Internet.

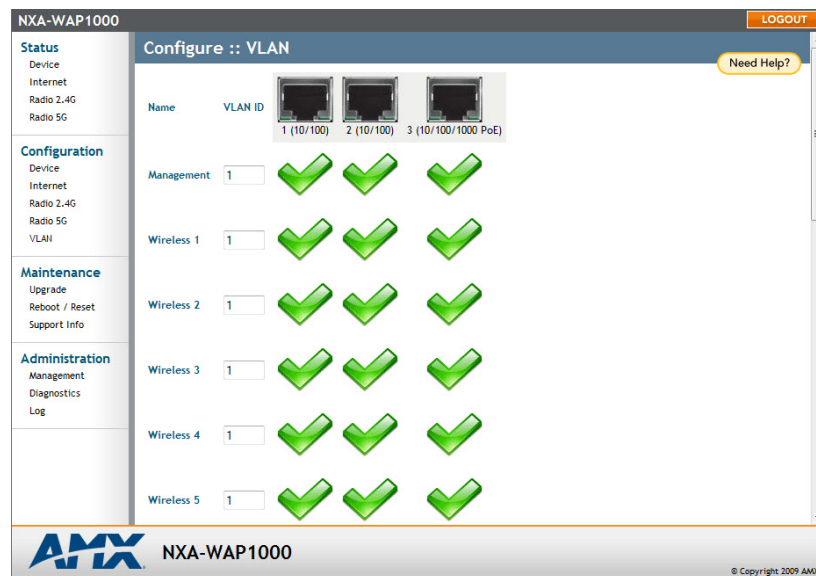


FIG. 20 Configuration - VLAN page

Configuration - VLAN	
Name:	The name appearing in the first cell of each column identifies each “network.” Here the term refers to a single broadcast domain. There is also a “Management” network, referring to communications directly to the AP/Router.
VLAN ID:	If the VLAN ID field is blank or empty, no VLAN tagging will occur for that network. The state is shown by one of three images. <b>NOTE:</b> If two rows (two networks) are assigned the same VLAN ID, then they are considered to be the same network.
VLAN Tagging:	Each RJ45 port can be configured to use VLAN tagging. By default, no RJ45 port is tagged. When the icon contains a white “tag,” that port is tagged; otherwise it is un-tagged. Clicking on the icon switches between tagged and un-tagged modes.
RJ45 Port State Images:	The AP may be connected to the same or different Ethernet “uplinks” using the RJ45-type connectors on the back of the AP. The images of RJ45 connectors represent those RJ45 connectors on the AP. Each image includes the label of the RJ45 port which it represents. Clicking an icon switches between “tagged” and “un-tagged” modes. When the icon contains a white “tag,” that port is tagged; otherwise it is un-tagged. If desired, wireless traffic can be segmented into different VLAN IDs, which you configure using this page.
VLAN Port State Icons:	A “Member VLAN port” allows the network’s traffic to flow through its associated RJ45 connector. If that port is configured for VLAN tagging, then the “tagged member VLAN port” icon will be displayed. A “nonmember VLAN port” does not allow network traffic to flow through the RJ45 connector. Clicking an icon toggles that VLAN port between “member” and “non-member” status. The port may automatically be marked as “tagged” where appropriate.
Show me an example:	Clicking the button labeled <b>Show me an example</b> opens a few sample configurations, with an explanation of what each shows.



Configuration - VLAN (Cont.)	
Update Settings:	<p>When you click Update Settings, if any configuration settings have changed, a connectivity test will be run. If the browser and the AP/Router can communicate using the new VLAN settings, then they will remain set. If connectivity fails, the device will revert to the previous VLAN settings and a warning message will appear to tell you the test failed and the settings were reverted to their original values.</p> <p><b>CAUTION: When changing VLAN settings, you must ensure that your management device (admin computer) is a member of the same VLAN that you configure.</b></p>

### Setting Threshold Options

The following options allow you to fine-tune the “Protection Mode” behavior. After activating a Protection Mode, you can open each Wireless tab and customize the threshold settings, which determine what is put in effect and when.



*Do not customize these options unless you are an experienced network administrator or are under the guidance of an IT/support professional.*

To customize Protection Mode (Threshold) settings

1. In the Browser-Based Configuration Pages, go to **Configuration > Radio 2.4G** or **Configuration > Radio 5G**.
2. Click the tab for the *Wireless # (WLAN)* that you want to configure. The *Configuration :: xx :: Advanced :: Wireless [#]* page appears.
3. Look for *Threshold Settings*, and then click **Edit Settings**. The *Configuration :: Wireless :: Advanced :: Wireless [#]* page appears (FIG. 21).

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an NXA-WAP1000 device. The top navigation bar includes 'Status', 'Configuration', 'Maintenance', and 'Administration'. The 'Configuration' section is expanded, showing 'Radio 2.4G' and 'Radio 5G'. The 'Radio 2.4G' section is further expanded to show 'Advanced' settings. The 'Advanced' settings page displays the following configuration options:

- Beacon Interval:** 100 (range: 100, 200...1000)
- Data Beacon Rate (DTIM):** 1 (range: 1 - 255)
- RTS / CTS Threshold:** 2346 (range: 256 - 65535)

Below the settings, there are buttons for 'Update Settings' and 'Restore previous settings'. A link labeled 'Go back to Wireless Configuration' is also present. The bottom of the page features the AMX logo and the text 'NXA-WAP1000' and '© Copyright 2009 AMX'.

**FIG. 21** Configuration - Radio 2.4G - Advanced - Wireless page

4. Click **Update Settings** to save and apply the changes. A confirmation message appears at the top of the page.
5. To reopen the previous page, click the *Go back to Wireless Configuration* link.

## Configuring WLAN Settings

This section describes how to configure WLAN-specific settings, such as wireless availability, SSID, encryption, and authentication.

To configure WLAN settings:

1. Go to **Configuration > 2.4G** or **Configuration > 5G**. The *Configuration :: xx :: Common* page appears.
2. Click one of the eight Wireless (#) tabs. The *Configuration :: 2.4G :: Wireless (#)* page appears (FIG. 17). You can configure up to 8 SSIDs per radio (16 on dual radio APs).
3. Review the WLAN options, and then make changes as required.
4. When you are finished, click **Update Settings** to save and apply the changes. A confirmation message appears at the top of this page.
5. Click *Go back to Wireless Configuration* to reopen the previous page.

## Using WEP



*WEP encryption has been proven to be easily circumvented. Using WPA whenever possible is highly recommended. Only use WEP if your client devices do not support WPA.*

To configure WLAN-specific WEP encryption settings:

1. Go to **Configuration > 2.4G** or **Configuration > 5G**. The *Configuration :: xx :: Common* page appears.
2. Click one of the eight *Wireless (#)* tabs. The *Configuration :: xx:: Wireless (#)* page appears (FIG. 17). You can configure up to 8 SSIDs per radio (16 on dual radio APs).
3. Click the *Encryption Method* menu, and then click **WEP**. An additional set of WEP-specific encryption options appears (FIG. 22).

**FIG. 22** WEP Encryption Options

WEP Encryption Options	
Authentication Mode:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Open</i>: No security measure is enforced.</li> <li>• <i>Shared Key</i>: The selected Default Shared Key is used.</li> <li>• <i>Auto</i>: Automatically-selected authentication mode.</li> </ul>
Encryption Strength:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>64 bit</i>: Specify the key with 10 hexadecimal digits or 5 ASCII characters.</li> <li>• <i>128 bit</i>: Specify the key with 26 hexadecimal digits or 13 ASCII characters. The 128-bit cryptography is stronger privacy protection for your network and is recommended if you use WEP.</li> </ul>
Key Entry Method:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Hexadecimal</i>: The encryption key only accepts hexadecimal characters (0-9, A-F).</li> <li>• <i>ASCII Text</i>: The encryption key accepts ASCII characters.</li> </ul>
Passphrase:	<p>When using WEP, this passphrase can be used as a seed for automatic random key generation. Enter some text and click the <b>Generate</b> button. The system will generate the WEP key automatically. You may specify a passphrase up to 32 characters.</p> <p>Please note that the algorithm used for key generation may vary from system to system. Checking the WEP keys used between wireless stations and the AP is recommended.</p>
WEP Key:	Enter the key manually according to the <i>Key Entry Method</i> and <i>Encryption Strength</i> settings.
Key Index:	Choose the index, from "1" to "4", that the WEP key is to be stored in.

WEP Encryption Options	
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes

4. Review the encryption settings, and then make changes as required.
5. Click **Update Settings** to save and apply the changes. A confirmation message appears at the top of the page.
6. Click *Go back to Wireless Configuration* to reopen the previous page.

## Using WPA

Use of WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 provides enhanced security over WEP, and allows client authentication based on either a pre-shared key (PSK), for home or small office networks, or an external authentication server such as a RADIUS server, for corporate networks.

To configure WPA security settings:

1. Go to **Configuration > Radio > 2.4G** or **Configuration > Radio 5G**.
2. Click the *Wireless #* tab that you want to configure. The *Configuration :: Wireless[#]* page appears (FIG. 17).
3. Select **WPA** from the *Encryption Method* drop-down menu. An additional set of WPA-specific encryption options appears (FIG. 23).

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for an NXA-WAP1000 device. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Status, Configuration, Maintenance, and Administration. The main content area is titled 'Configuration :: Radio 2.4G :: Wireless 1'. It features several tabs for different wireless networks (Wireless 1 through 8). The 'Wireless 1' tab is active, showing settings for 'Wireless Network: Wireless 1'. Below this, there are sections for 'Wireless Availability?' (Enabled/Disabled), 'Broadcast SSID?' (Enabled/Disabled), 'SSID:' (AMX), 'Threshold Settings' (Edit Settings), 'Rate Limiting' (Edit Settings), and 'Access Control' (Edit Settings). The 'Encryption Method' is set to 'WPA', which has triggered a red warning message: '\*\* 11n performance not available with TKIP algorithm \*\*'. Below this, there are radio buttons for 'WPA Version' (WPA, WPA2, WPA-Auto), 'WPA Authentication' (PSK, 802.1x, Auto), and 'WPA Algorithm' (TKIP, AES, Auto). A 'Passphrase' field is also present. At the bottom, there are 'Update Settings' and 'Restore previous settings' buttons. The footer includes the AMX logo, the model number 'NXA-WAP1000', and the copyright notice '© Copyright 2009 AMX'.

FIG. 23 WPA Encryption options

WPA Encryption Options	
WPA Version:	<p>Your options are WPA, WPA2 or WPA Auto.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>WPA</b> is the recommended default for best compatibility. WPA-capable PDAs and other devices are usually limited to WPA + TKIP.</li> <li>• <b>WPA2</b> is an advanced option that provides enhanced security, but may not be compatible with older wireless devices. WPA2 support on Windows XP requires a Microsoft patch and is only available on recent operating systems, including Windows XP Service Pack 2 and later.</li> <li>• <b>WPA-Auto</b> allows the client to decide whether to use WPA or WPA2 based on the client's capabilities.</li> </ul>
WPA Authentication:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>PSK</b> mode is suitable for home or small office networks.</li> <li>• <b>802.1X</b> mode uses a RADIUS server to verify user identity.</li> <li>• <b>Auto</b> mode allows the client to authenticate based on either a passphrase or its RADIUS credentials.</li> </ul>
WPA Algorithm:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>TKIP</b>: This algorithm provides greater compatibility with older client devices, but is not supported by the 802.11n standard. Therefore, if you select TKIP encryption, 11n devices will be limited to 11g transfer rates.</li> <li>• <b>AES</b>: This algorithm provides enhanced security over TKIP, and is the only encryption algorithm supported by the 802.11i standard.</li> <li>• <b>Auto</b>: Automatically selects TKIP or AES based on the client's capabilities.</li> </ul>
Passphrase:	<p>Enter a new passphrase between 8 and 32 characters long, using any combination of printable characters (letters, numbers, hyphens and underscores).</p>

4. Click **Update Settings** to save and apply the changes. A confirmation message appears at the top of the page.
5. Click *Go back to Wireless Configuration* to reopen the previous page.

## Customizing 802.1X Settings

If you choose “WPA” as the encryption method, you have the option to set up the AP to act as an 802.1X proxy, utilizing external authentication sources such as a RADIUS server. This provides a higher level of security, when compared to the static security process in a WEP configuration.

To configure WLAN-specific 802.1X authentication settings:

1. Go to **Configuration > Radio 2.4G** or **Configuration > Radio 5G**. The *Configuration :: xx :: Common* page appears.
2. Click a *Wireless #* tab to configure. The *Configuration :: xx :: Wireless[#]* page appears (FIG. 17).
3. Select **WPA** from the *Encryption Method* drop-down menu. The basic set of WPA-specific encryption options appear on the page.
4. Select **802.1X** as the WPA Authentication mode. Additional options appear (FIG. 24).

The screenshot shows the configuration page for the NXA-WAP1000, specifically for the Wireless9 interface. The page is titled "Configuration :: Radio 5G :: Wireless9". On the left, there is a navigation menu with sections: Status (Device, Internet, Radio 2.4G, Radio 5G), Configuration (Device, Internet, Radio 2.4G, Radio 5G, VLAN), Maintenance (Upgrade, Reboot / Reset, Support Info), and Administration (Management, Diagnostics, Log). The main content area is divided into several sections: Wireless Network (Wireless9), Wireless Availability? (Enabled/Disabled), Broadcast SSID? (Enabled/Disabled), SSID (Wireless9), Dynamic VLAN? (Enabled/Disabled), Threshold Settings (Edit Settings), Rate Limiting (Edit Settings), Access Control (Edit Settings), Encryption Method (WPA), WPA Version (WPA, WPA2, WPA-Auto), WPA Authentication (PSK, 802.1x, Auto), WPA Algorithm (TKIP, AES, Auto), Radius NAS-ID, Authentication Server (Required), Accounting Server (Optional), and buttons for Update Settings and Restore previous settings. A red box highlights the warning message: "\*\* 11n performance not available with TKIP algorithm \*\*".

FIG. 24 WPA - 802.1X Settings

5. Configure the following settings to customize your 802.1X authentication.
  - **RADIUS NAS-ID:** Enter the network ID assigned to your RADIUS server.
  - **Authentication Server [-Required-]:** Enter the information needed to establish a connection between the AP and the RADIUS server. The default port for RADIUS authentication is 1812.
  - **Accounting Server [-Optional-]:** Enter the information needed to establish this connection. The default port for RADIUS accounting is 1813.
6. Click **Update Settings** to save and apply the changes. A confirmation message appears at the top of this page.
7. Click *Go back to Wireless Configuration* to reopen the previous page.

## Rate Limiting

Rate Limiting allows you to cap the data transfer rates per client for a specific WLAN.

To enable per station rate limits:

1. Go to **Configuration > 2.4G** or **Configuration > 5G**.
2. Select the WLAN that you want to configure from the tabs at the top of the page.
3. Click the **Edit Settings** button next to *Rate Limiting*.
4. The *Rate Limiting* page appears (FIG. 25).

NXA-WAP1000 LOGOUT

Configuration :: Radio 5G :: Advanced Wireless Rate Limiting :: Wireless9 Need Help?

Per Station Traffic Rate: Downlink Disabled Uplink Disabled

Maximum traffic rate on per station basis

Class	Downlink / Uplink		
	Rate (kbps)	Ceiling (kbps)	Buffer (pkts)
Voice	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit
Video	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit
Best-Effort	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit
Background	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit	no limit / no limit

[Update Settings](#) [Restore previous settings](#)

[Go back to Wireless Configuration](#)

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FIG. 25 Rate Limiting

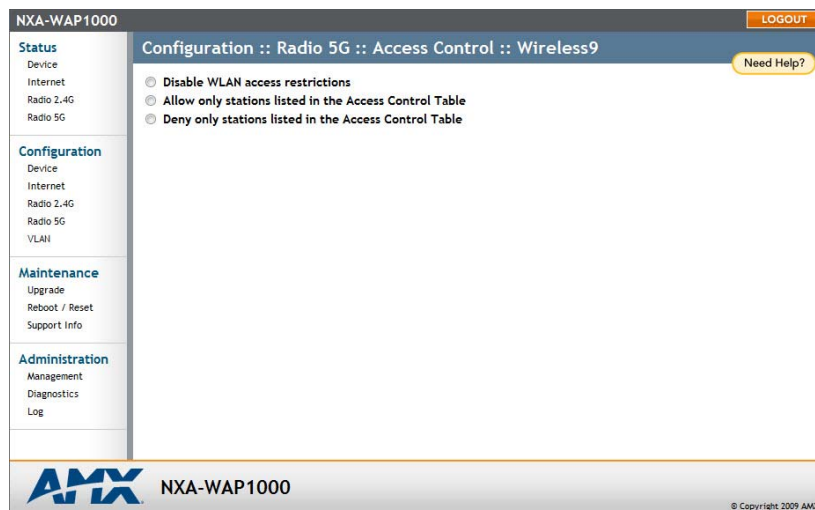
5. Set the maximum Downlink and Uplink rate per station, or leave disabled if you do not want to limit traffic rate per station in that direction.
6. The table below updates to show the maximum transfer rates for each traffic type.
7. Click **Update Settings** to save your changes.

## Controlling Access to the Wireless Network

Access Controls give you control over which stations are allowed to join (associate with) your WLAN networks. There are “tab” entries for each available WLAN.

### Changing the Access Controls for a WLAN

1. Go to **Configuration > Radio 2.4G** or **Configuration > Radio 5G**.
2. Click the *Wireless #* tab for the device for which you want to configure the access control settings.
3. Click the **Edit Settings** button after *Access Control*. The *Configuration :: Wireless :: Access Control :: Wireless #* page appears (FIG. 26).



**FIG. 26** Configuration - Radio 5G - Access Control



4. Select the radio button for the desired access control. The *Access Controls Table* appears (FIG. 27).

FIG. 27 Access Control Table

Access Controls Table	
Address:	<p>Six text boxes appear in which you enter the desired MAC address, in hexadecimal digit form, two characters in each box. You can specify a full 12-hex-digit MAC address or enter “wildcard” characters for “don't care” digits. Allowable hex-digit characters are 0-9, a-f, and A-F. Most address-tags and software where you find MAC addresses listed include colons or dashes to separate the address-pairs; that is provided for you on the web page, so do not enter the colons or dashes.</p> <p>Supported wildcard characters include “x”, “X” and blank (space character). Wildcards are useful when you want to specify all MAC addresses from a given manufacturer. For example, by specifying only the Organizationally Unique Identifier (the first six hexadecimal digits of any MAC address from that manufacturer is its OUI) saves you having to enter all 24 million of them (the table size is limited in the AP/Router to 128 entries). Some manufacturers produce devices using more than one OUI, in which case you may need to enter each applicable one.</p>
Remove:	Check the Remove box for any rows that you no longer want used.

- Click **Add new entry** to add a MAC address to the table.
- Type the MAC address in the spaces provided.
- Click *Update* to save your changes. Assuming all parameters you entered are acceptable, that row will be added to the table.

You have completed adding an entry to the MAC address table. If you have additional MAC addresses you want included, click **Add new entry**, and then repeat these steps until you have entered all the stations you want, to a maximum of 128 rows.

### Disabling WLAN Access Restrictions

If you select *Disable WLAN* access restrictions, then MAC-address-based restrictions on which stations can join the WLAN are disabled; thus, any station can join. If the WLAN uses encryption, then the station must still supply the correct encryption passphrase. The Access Controls table is hidden if the current mode is Disable WLAN access restrictions.

### Allowing Only Stations Explicitly Listed in the Access Controls Table

If you select *Allow only stations listed in the Access Controls Table*, then stations entered into the Access Controls Table are allowed but all others are disallowed.

### Denying Only Stations Explicitly Listed in the Access Controls Table

If you select *Deny only stations listed in the Access Controls Table*, then stations entered into the Access Controls Table are disallowed but all others are allowed.

### Removing MAC Addresses from the List

Simply check the box under the *Remove* column for the MAC address entry you want to remove from the table, and then click **Update**. The page refreshes and the MAC address that you removed disappears from the list.

## Maintenance

The *Maintenance* section controls not only the ability to upgrade firmware and the ability for remote resetting or rebooting of an NXA-WAP1000, but also to send log information to a particular site for analysis.

### Upgrade

You can use the Browser-Based Configuration Pages to check for software updates/upgrades for the firmware built into the AP. You can then apply these updates to the device in one of two ways: (1) manual updating on an as-needed basis or (2) automating a regularly scheduled update.

Before starting, decide which option you want to take:

- Automate a regularly scheduled update
- Run a one-time manual update right now

By default, the automatic upgrade option is active, and will check the Ruckus Wireless update server every 12 hours.

To get started with upgrading the firmware, go to **Maintenance > Upgrade**. When the *Maintenance > Upgrade* options appear (FIG. 28), decide which upgrade method to use. Each of the three upgrade options listed on the *Upgrade* page are discussed in the succeeding sections.

NXA-WAP1000 LOGOUT

**Maintenance :: Upgrade** Need Help?

Upgrade Method: ☐ TFTP ☒ FTP ☐ Web

**FTP Options**

Firmware Server:

Port:

Image Control File:

Username:

Password:

Auto Upgrade? ☐ Enabled ☒ Disabled

Changes made to this area apply to the Automatic Firmware Update settings as well.

**WARNING:** Upgrading the firmware could take a few minutes and your network will not be available during this time. Please do NOT remove power from your device until the upgrade finishes.

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FIG. 28 Maintenance - Upgrade page

## Upgrading Manually via the Web

To access a particular download Web site:

1. In the *Upgrade Method* options, click **Web**. This opens the *Web* options (FIG. 29).

FIG. 29 Maintenance - Upgrade - Web page

2. Click the *Web Options URL* field, and then type the URL of the download Web site. Remember to start the URL with “http://”.
3. Change the Image Control File filename extension as noted here:
  - Replace any file names ending in .rcks with the .html extension
  - Replace any file names ending in .f17 with the .html extension



CAUTION

*Do not change the Username or Password entries.*

4. Click **Perform Upgrade**. A status bar appears during the upgrade process.
5. After the upgrade is completed, you must manually reboot the NXA-WAP1000.

## Upgrading Manually via FTP or TFTP

1. In the *Upgrade Method* options, click **FTP** or **TFTP**. This opens either the FTP (FIG. 30) or TFTP options.

**NXA-WAP1000** LOGOUT

**Maintenance :: Upgrade** Need Help?

Upgrade Method: ☐ TFTP ☒ FTP ☐ Web

**FTP Options**

Firmware Server: AmxUpdates.amx.com

Port: 21

Image Control File: Ruckus/NXA-WAP1000/wap1000.rc

Username: z7363

Password: ••••••••

Auto Upgrade? ☐ Enabled ☒ Disabled

Changes made to this area apply to the Automatic Firmware Update settings as well.

**WARNING:** Upgrading the firmware could take a few minutes and your network will not be available during this time. Please do NOT remove power from your device until the upgrade finishes.

[Restore previous settings](#)

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FIG. 30 Maintenance - Upgrade - FTP page

**NXA-WAP1000** LOGOUT

**Maintenance :: Upgrade** Need Help?

Upgrade Method: ☒ TFTP ☐ FTP ☐ Web

**TFTP Options**

Firmware Server: AmxUpdates.amx.com

Port: 69

Image Control File: Ruckus/NXA-WAP1000/wap1000.rc

Auto Upgrade? ☐ Enabled ☒ Disabled

Changes made to this area apply to the Automatic Firmware Update settings as well.

**WARNING:** Upgrading the firmware could take a few minutes and your network will not be available during this time. Please do NOT remove power from your device until the upgrade finishes.

[Restore previous settings](#)

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FIG. 31 Maintenance - Upgrade - TFTP page

2. Click the host name field and then type the URL of the server, or click the IP address field and then type the IP address of the server. Remember to start the URL with *ftp://*.



*Do not change any of the Image Control File, Username, or Password entries.*

3. Click **Perform Upgrade**. A status bar appears during the upgrade process.
4. After the upgrade is completed, you must manually reboot the AP.

## Scheduling an Automatic Upgrade

1. In the *Upgrade Method* options, click the button for your preferred choice.
2. Enter the appropriate information in the *Host name* field or *IP address* field.



*Do not change any of the Image Control File, Username, or Password entries.*

3. Verify that the *Auto Upgrade: Enabled* option is checked (active).
4. Toggle the *Interval to Check for Software Upgrade* drop-down list to select your preferred interval.
5. You have two options at this point:
  - Click **Perform Upgrade**, which will start the process and the clock. The next upgrade will occur at the selected interval.
  - Click **Save parameters only**. The clock starts right away, and the actual upgrade will occur at the first effective interval.
6. After you click one of these two options, a status bar appears during the upgrade process.
7. When the upgrade is complete, the AP will reboot automatically.

## Reboot / Reset

You can use the Browser-Based Configuration Pages to prompt the NXA-WAP1000 to reboot, which simply restarts the AP without changing any of the current settings. Please note that rebooting the AP will disrupt network communications in any currently active WLANs.

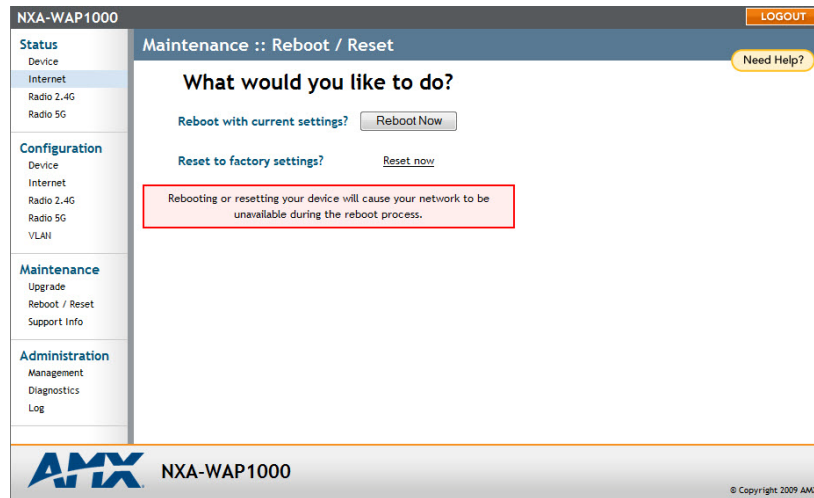


FIG. 32 Maintenance - Reboot / Reset

Reboot / Reset	
Reboot with current settings?:	Click this button to reboot while saving the currently saved settings.
Reset to factory settings?:	Click this link to return the NXA-WAP1000 to its original factory settings.

### Rebooting the AP

1. Go to **Maintenance > Reboot/Reset**. The *Maintenance :: Reboot/Reset* page appears (FIG. 32).
2. Click **Reboot Now**. After a brief pause, you will be automatically logged out of the AP. After approximately one minute, you should be able to log back into the AP, which verifies that the reboot was successful. You can also check the LEDs on the AP to verify the status of the device.

### Resetting the AP to Factory Defaults



*DO NOT reset the AP to factory defaults unless you are directed to do so by AMX or Ruckus Wireless support staff or by a network administrator. Do this only if you are able to immediately reconnect the restored AP to your computer, in order to reconfigure it for Wi-Fi network use*

You can use the Web User interface to restore an inoperative AP to its factory default settings, which will completely erase the configuration currently active in the device. Note, too, that this will disrupt all wireless network communications through this device.

To reset the AP to factory defaults:

1. Go to **Maintenance > Reboot/Reset**. The *Maintenance :: Reboot/Reset* page appears.
2. Click **Reset Now** (next to **Restore to factory settings?**).
3. After a brief pause, you will be automatically logged out of the AP. You must now disconnect the AP from the switch (and the network) and reconnect it to your computer. At this time, you can restore the network settings, then replace it in your site for full network use.

## Support Info

The Support Info log consists of the configuration and run-time status of the AP and can be useful for troubleshooting. You have three options for sending a copy of the current log file to Ruckus Wireless Support:

- Save a copy to your local PC, then attach it to an e-mail message and send it to Support
- Set up a connection to an FTP site
- Set up a connection to a TFTP site

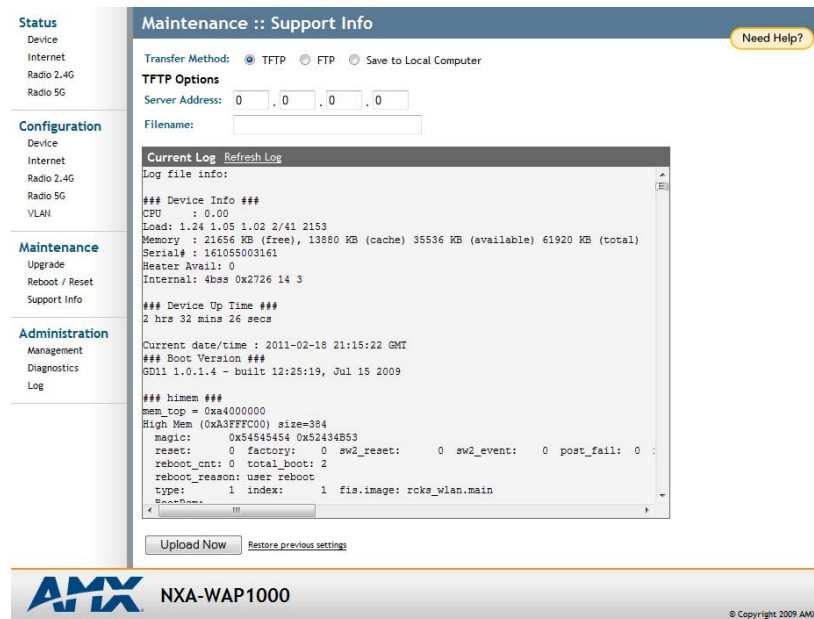


FIG. 33 Maintenance - Support Info page

Support Info	
Transfer Method:	To upload a copy of the support info file to an FTP or TFTP server, click the TFTP or FTP option. Clicking the FTP option prompts you to enter a User ID and Password.
Server Address:	Enter the IP address for the TFTP or FTP server.
Filename:	Enter the filename for the log. <b>NOTE: Remember to add a .TXT file extension to the file name, especially if you are using Internet Explorer as your Web Admin "host."</b>
Current Log:	This field displays the current log. Click Refresh Log to include information gathered since its last update.
Upload Now button:	Click this button to upload the log file to a remote server or to a local computer.

## Saving a Copy of the Current Log to Your Computer

You can also save a copy of the current log to your own computer, if needed. This should be done if copies of the current log need to be E-mailed to AMX Technical Support.

1. Go to **Maintenance > Support Info**. The *Maintenance :: Support Info* workspace appears.
2. Review the Upload Method options.
3. Click the *Save to local computer* option. Two links appear next to **Download** (supportinfo.txt and tr069info.txt).
4. Click the supportinfo.txt link. A new window (or tab) opens with the content of the log file displayed.
5. Choose *Save As* or *Save Page As* from your browser's File menu.
6. When the "Save as..." dialog box appears, find a convenient location on your local computer to save the file, and change the file extension from *html* to *txt*.
7. Click **Save** to save the file to your computer.



## Administration

The *Administration* section contains tools for assisting with diagnosis of NXA-WAP1000 issues.

### Management

In addition to managing the AP via a Web browser through HTTPS, several other management access options are available on the AP. These options include management access via HTTP, Telnet, and SSH.

The screenshot displays the 'Administration :: Management' page for an NXA-WAP1000 device. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Status, Configuration, Maintenance, and Administration. The main content area is divided into several sections:

- Network Profile:** 4bss
- Telnet Access?** ☐ Enabled ☒ Disabled
- Telnet Port:** 23
- SSH Access?** ☒ Enabled ☐ Disabled
- SSH Port:** 22
- HTTP Access?** ☐ Enabled ☒ Disabled
- HTTP Port:** 80
- HTTPS Access?** ☒ Enabled ☐ Disabled
- HTTPS Port:** 443
- Certificate Verification:** PASSED
- Auto-provisioning?** ☐ Enabled ☒ Disabled
- TR069 / SHMP Management Choice:**
  - ☒ Auto
  - ☐ SNMP only
  - ☐ FlexMaster only
  - ☐ None
- DHCP Discovery:** FlexMaster Server URL: [text field]
- Digest-authentication Username:** [text field]
- Digest-authentication Password:** [text field]
- Periodic FlexMaster Inform Interval:** 15 minutes
- TR069 Status:**
  - Currently Using URL:**
  - Last Attempted Contact:** 2009-11-25 05:36:41 GMT using https://flexmaster/intune/server
  - Last Successful Contact:** (not contacted yet)
  - Last Contact Result:** sendInform failed: No Inform done (9890) SOAP 1.1 fault: SOAP-ENV:Client [(none)] "Host not found"  
Detail: (none)
  - Current Time:** Fri Feb 18 21:16:42 2011 (UTC)

At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Update Settings' and 'Restore previous settings'.

FIG. 34 Administration - Management page

Administration - Management page	
Telnet access:	By default, this option is disabled (inactive).
Telnet port:	This field lists the default Telnet port of 23 — only if Telnet is active. You can manually change this port number, if required.
SSH access:	By default, this option is enabled (active).
SSH port:	This field lists the default SSH port of 22 - only if SSH is active. You can manually change this port number if required.
HTTP access:	This option is disabled by default.
HTTP port:	This field lists the default HTTP port of 80, if HTTP has been activated. You can manually change this port number if required.
HTTPS access:	By default, this option is enabled. This connection mode requires a security certificate, a copy of which has been preinstalled in the device.
HTTPS port:	This field lists the default HTTPS port of 443 - only if HTTPS has been activated. You can manually change this port number if required.
Certification Verification:	This notes whether the security certificate linked to the HTTPS settings has been passed or not.

Administration - Management page (Cont.)	
TR069 / SNMP Management Choice:	
Auto:	Enables the NXA-WAP1000 device to connect to either an SNMP server, an NXA-WAPZD1000 ZoneDirector, or a Ruckus Wireless FlexMaster.
SNMP only:	Only allow SNMP management.
FlexMaster only:	Only allow FlexMaster management.
DHCP Discovery:	URL of server providing DHCP.
FlexMaster Server URL:	URL of the FlexMaster server.
Digest-authentication Username/Digest authentication password	This information is automatically generated by the AP and used for authentication with FlexMaster. Change this value only if you want the AP to connect to another access control server (ACS).
Contact FlexMaster every:	Interval at which the device should attempt to contact FlexMaster.
Associated-Clients Monitoring Mode	<p>When enabled, the AP monitors the association and disassociation activities of wireless clients and sends this information to FlexMaster. Available options include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Disable (default)</i>: Select to turn off client association monitoring. When this option is selected, the AP will not send client association information to FlexMaster; Flexmaster will need to retrieve this information from the AP.</li> <li>• <i>Passive</i>: Select to enable client association monitoring and send related information to FlexMaster at the next inform interval.</li> <li>• <i>Active</i>: Select to enable client association monitoring and define the monitor interval (Interval). The AP will check for client association based on the defined Interval (in seconds), and then send related information to FlexMaster as soon as an association event is detected.</li> </ul>
TR069 Status:	The current status of the Flexmaster connection.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save your changes.

To enable other management access options:

1. Go to **Administration > Management**. The *Management* page appears (FIG. 34).
2. Review the access options, and then make changes as needed.
3. Click **Update Settings** to save your changes. A confirmation message appears at the top of the page.

## Diagnostics

Two network connection diagnostic tools – PING and traceroute – have been built into the NXA-WAP1000 to help you check network connections from the Browser-Based Configuration Pages (FIG. 35).

FIG. 35 Administration - Diagnostics page

Diagnostics	
Ping:	Type the network address of a site to which you wish to connect.
Ping Results:	This field displays a text file of the results of the connection.
Traceroute:	Type the network address of a site to which you wish to connect.
Traceroute Results:	This field displays a text file of the results of the connection.

To run diagnostics for network troubleshooting:

1. Go to **Administration > Diagnostics**. The *Administration :: Diagnostics* page appears. Two options are available:
  - **Ping**
  - **Traceroute**
2. Click the text field by the option you want to activate, and type the network address of a site to which you wish to connect.
3. Click **Run Test**. The results appear in the text field below each option.

## Log

If you have a syslog server on the network, you can configure the NXA-WAP1000 to send the device logs to the server. You will need to enable logging (logging is disabled by default), and then configure the Access Point to send logs to the syslog server via the *Administration :: Log* page (FIG. 36).

**NXA-WAP1000** LOGOUT Need Help?

**Administration :: Log**

Log Status: ☒ Enabled ☐ Disabled

Syslog Server Address: 0 . 0 . 0 . 0

Syslog Server Port: 514

**Current Log** [Refresh](#)

```

Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: 10 2457g 36 0 0 0 N
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: 0 0 0 N 0xa0
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: 11 2462n 36 HT40 0 0 1 N
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: 11 2462n 36 HT20 1 0 0 N
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: 11 2462g 36 0 0 0 N
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: 11 2462b 36 0 0 0 N
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: ath_dfs_allowed: do dfs 0, enable_dfs 1
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: v54_antinfo: ANTMODEL_GD11_2G (26): 8 bits,
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: -- ath_rate_attach: Radio0 Tx 1024, Rx 575,
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: 11b rates: 1Mbps 2Mbps 5.5Mbps 11Mbps
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: 11g rates: 1Mbps 2Mbps 5.5Mbps 11Mbps
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: 11n rates: 1Mbps 2Mbps 5.5Mbps 11Mbps
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: 11n MCS: 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: mac 128.2 phy 13.0 radio 12.0
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: Use hw queue 0 for WME_AC_BK traffic
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: Use hw queue 1 for WME_AC_BE traffic
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: Use hw queue 2 for WME_AC_VI traffic
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: Use hw queue 3 for WME_AC_VO traffic
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: Use hw queue 8 for CAB traffic
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: wifio: Use hw queue 9 for beacons
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.info kernel: wifio: Atheros 9280: mem=0x10000000, irq=48
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.warn kernel: PCI: Enabling device 0000:00:01:0 (0000 -> 1)
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.debug kernel: PCI: Enabling bus mastering for device 0000:
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.info kernel: macVersion 0x80, macRev 2 PhyRev d0
Jan 27 21:21:06 amxAP user.info kernel: ar5416RwAttach: I-I-I-IANI is disabled
  
```

[Update Settings](#) [Restore previous settings](#)

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**FIG. 36** Administration - Log page

Log	
Log Status:	By default, this status is disabled.
Syslog Server Address:	To enable the AP to send messages to a syslog server as they appear, enter the IP address of the syslog server.
Syslog Server Port:	By default, the syslog port number is 514. If the syslog server is using a different port, enter that port number in this field.
Current Log:	The text of the current log.
Update Settings:	Click this button to save and apply your changes.

To enable logging:

1. Go to **Administration > Log**. The *Administration :: Log* page appears.
2. Look for *Log Status*, and then click **Enabled**.
3. After enabling logging, configure the appropriate options:
4. Click **Update Settings** to save and apply your changes.





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